

EP-61EXA-A

A Pentium® II Processor based AGP mainboard

TRADEMARK

All products and company names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

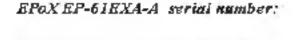
These specifications are subject to change without notice.

Manual Revision 1.1 Feburary 10, 1998

Technical Support Services

If you need additional information, help during installation or normal use of this product, please contact your retailer. If your retailer can not help, you may E-Mail us with any questions at the following address tech@epox.com

Record your serial number before installing your EP-61EXA-A mainboard (the serial number is located near the ISA slots at the edge of the board)



BIOS Upgrades

Please use either our Web Site or BBS for current BIOS Upgrades.

Internet Access

http://www.epox.com sales@epox.com tech@epox.com

Modem Access

886-2-2247-2742 (Taiwan) 31-182-618451 (The Netherlands)

You can access this number via a Hayes-compatible modern with a 2,400 to 28,800 bandrate. The following setup format is required:

8 Data Bits, No Parity, 1 Stop Bit.

If your modern is unable to connect at higher band rates, try connecting at 2,400 band before contacting Technical Support.

Thank you for using EPoX mainboards!

© Copyright 1997 EPoX Computer Company. All rights reserved.

User Notice

No part of this product, including the product and software may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language in any form by any means without the express written permission of EPoX Computer Company (hereinafter referred to as EPoX) except documentation kept by the purchaser for backup purposes.

EPoX provides this manual "as is" without warranty of any kind, either express or implied, including but not limited to the implied warranties or conditions of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. In no event shall EPoX be liable for any loss or profits, loss of business, loss of use or data, interruption of business or for indirect, special incidental, or consequential damages of any kind, even if EPoX has been advised of the possibility of such damages arising from any defect or error in the manual or product. EPoX may review this manual from time to time without notice. For updated BIOS, drivers, or product release information you may visit. EPoX's home page at. http://www.epox.com.

Products mentioned in this manual are mentioned for identification purposes only.

Product names appearing in this manual may or may not be registered trademarks or copyrights of their respective companies.

The product name and revision number are both printed on the mainboard itself.

Handling Procedures

Static electricity can severely damage your equipment. Handle the EP-61EXA-A and any other device in your system with care and avoid unneccessary contact with system components on the mainboard.

Always work on an antistatic surface to avoid possible damage to the motherboard from static discharge.

We assume no responsibility for any damage to the EP-61EXA-Amainboard that results from failure to follow installation instructions or failure to observe safety precautions.

CAUTION

The EP-61 ENA-A mainboard is subject to damage by static electricity. Always observe the handling procedures.

Table of Contents

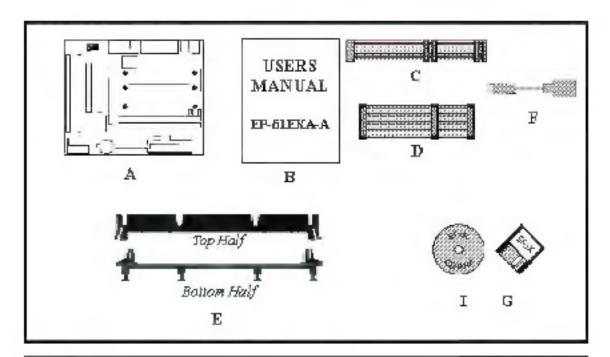
Section 1	Introduction					
	Components Checklist 1-1					
	Overview					
	Pentium II 1-2					
	S.E.C. Cartridge Terminology 1-3					
	Accelerated Graphics Port 1-4					
	Hardware Monitoring 1-4					
	Desktop Management Interface 1-4					
	EP-61EXA-A Form-Factor 1-5					
	I/O Shield Connector 1-6					
	Power-On/Off (Remote) 1-6					
	System Block Diagram 1-7					
Section 2	Features					
	EP-61EXA-A Features 2-1					
Section 3	Installation					
	EP-61EXA-A Detailed Layout 3-1					
	Easy Installation Procedure					
	Configure DIP Switch 3-2					
	System Memory Configuration 3-3					
	Installing a Pentium® II Processor					
	Device Connectors					
Section 4	Award BIOS Setup					
	BIOS Instructions 4-1					
	Standard CMOS Setup 4-2					
	BIOS Features Setup 4-3					
	Chipset Features Setup 4-8					
	Power Management Setup 4-13					

	PNP/PCIConfiguration	4-17
	Load Setup Defaults	4-19
	Integrated Peripherals	4-19
	Change Supervisor or User Password	4-24
	IDE HDD Auto Detection	4-24
	HDD Low Level Format	4-27
	Save & Exit Setup	4-27
	Exit Without Saving	4-27
Section 5	DMI	
	DMI Access	5-1
Section 7	Appendix	
	Appendix A	
	Memory Map	A-1
	I/O Map	A-1
	Timer & DMA Channels Map	A-2
	Interrupt Map	A-2
	RTC & CMOS RAM Map	A-3
	Appendix B	
	POST Codes	A-4
	Unexpected Errors	A-7
	Appendix C	
	Load Setup Defaults	A-8

Section 1 INTRODUCTION

Components Checklist

- ✓ A. [1] EP-61EXA-Amainboard
- ✓ B. (1) EP-61EXA-A user's manual.
- ✓ C. (1) Floppy ribbon cable
- D. (1) Hard drive ribbon cable
 - E (1) Heatsink Support Unit (optional)
- F. (1) PS/2 to AT keyboard connector adapter (optional)
- ✓ G. (1) Bus master drivers
 - H. [1] DMI (optional)
 - I (1) Audio drivers (optional)



*EP*₂X

Overview

Pentium II

The Pentium® II Processor is the follow-on to the Pentium® Processor. The Pentium® II Processor, like the Pentium® Proprocessor, implements a Dynamic Execution micro-architecture -- a unique combination of multiple branch prediction, data flow analysis, and speculative execution. This enables the Pentium® II Processor to deliver higher performance than the Pentium® processor, while maintaining binary compatibility with all previous Intel architecture processors.

A significant feature of the Pentium® II Processor, from a system perspective, is the built-in direct multiprocessing support. In order to achieve multiprocessing, and maintain the memory and I/O bandwidth to support it, new system designs are needed. For systems with dual processors, it is important to consider the additional power burdens and signal integrity issues of supporting multiple loads on a high speed bus. The Pentium® II Processor card supports both uni-processor and dual processor implementations.

The Pentium® II Processor utilizes Single Edge Contact (S.E.C.) (Figure 1) cartridge packaging technology. The S.E.C. cartridge allows the L2 cache to remain tightly coupled to the processor, while maintaining flexibility when implementing high performance processors into OEM systems. The second level cache is performance optimized and tested at the cartridge level. The S.E.C. cartridge utilizes surface mounted core components and a printed circuit board with an edge finger connection. The S.E.C. cartridge package introduced on the Pentium® II Processor will also be used in Future Slot 1 processors.

The S.E.C. cartridge has the following features: a thermal plate, a cover and a PCB with an edge finger connection. The thermal plate allows standardized heatsink attachment or customized thermal solutions. The thermal plate enables a reusable heatsink to minimize fit issues for serviceability, upgradeability and replacement. The full enclosure also protects the surface mount components. The edge finger connection maintains socketability for system configuration. The edge finger connector is denoted as 'Slot 1 connector' in this and other documentation.

The entire enclosed product is called the Pentium⁶ II Processor. The packaging technology and each of the physical elements of the product are referred to using accurate technical descriptions. This allows clear reference to the products as just a

ERX

processor. This is the model used in past packaging technologies like PGA, TCP, PQFP, DIP, etc.

S.E.C. Cartridge Terminology

Pentium[®] II Processor

The new enclosed card packaging technology is called a "Single Edge Contact cartridge." This is similar to previous names for packaging technology such as PGA or TCP.

Processor card

The green PCB (with or without components on it)

Processor core.

The silicon on the PLGA package on the PCB

Cover

The plastic cover on the opposite side from the thermal plate.

Slot 1

The slot that the S.E.C. cartridge plugs into, just as the Pentium® Proprocessor uses Socket 8.

Retention mechanism

Formerly 'retention module' the dual posts, etc. that holds the cartridge in place.

Thermal plate

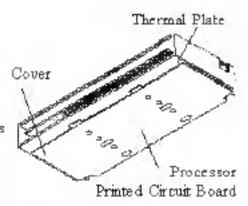
The heatsink attachment plate.

Heat sink supports

The support pieces that are mounted on the mainboard to provide added support for heetsinks.

The L2 cache (TagRAM, PBSRAM) components keep standard industry names

The Pentium® II Processor is the first product to utilize the S.E.C. cartridge technology and Slot 1 connector. Unless otherwise noted, any references to "Pentium® II Processor," "Pentium® II Processor/Slot 1 processor" or Processor" will apply to both the Pentium® II Processor desktop processors.



Pigure 1: Pertium® UProcessor CPU with S.E.C. Cartridge

Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP or A.G.P.)

Typically, 3D graphics rendering requires a tremendous amount of memory, and demands ever increasing throughput speed as well. As 3D products for the personal computer become more and more popular, these demands will only increase. This will cause a rise in costs for both end users and manufacturers. Lowering these costs as well as improving performance is the primary motivation behind AGP. By providing a massive increase in the bandwidth available between the video card and the processor, it will assist in relieving some of these pressures for quite sometime

Hardware Monitoring

Hardware monitoring allows you to monitor various aspects of your systems operations and status. These include features such as CPU temperature, voltage and fan RPM's.

Desktop Management Interface (DMI)

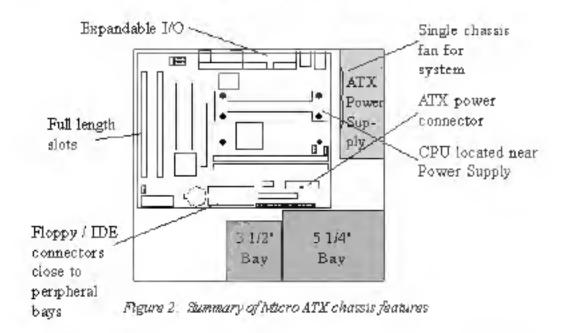
DMI, or Desktop Management Interface, is a BIOS level method for monitoring specific BIOS related hardware features. It allows the BIOS to collect and store information specific to the system, so that vendors and system integrators will have greater access to information regarding system configuration and design. This allows for better troubleshooting, migration planning, and upgradeability decision making.

EP₃X

EP-61EXA-A Form-Factor

The EPoX KP-61EXA-A is designed with Micro ATX form factor - the latest industry standard of chassis. The Micro ATX form factor is essentially a Baby-AT baseboard rotated 90 degrees within the chassis enclosure and a new mounting configuration for the power supply. With these changes the processor is relocated away from the expansion slots, allowing them all to hold full length add-in cards. ATX defines a double height aperture to the rear of the chassis which can be used to host a wide range of onboard I/O. Only the size and position of this aperture is defined, allowing PC manufacturers to add new I/O features (e.g.; TV input, TV output, joystick, modem, LAN, audio, etc.) to systems. This will help systems integrators differentiate their products in the marketplace, and better meet your needs.

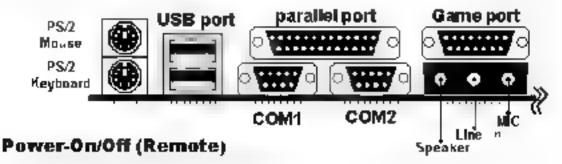
- By integrating more I/O down onto the board and better positioning the hard drive and floppy connectors material cost of cables and add-in cards is reduced.
- By reducing the number of cables and components in the system, manufacturing time and inventory holding costs are reduced and reliability will increase.
- By using an optimized power supply, it's possible to reduce cooling costs and
 lower accustical noise. An ATX power supply, which has a side-mounted fan,
 allows direct cooling of the processor and add-in cards making a secondary fan
 or active heatsink unnecessary in most system applications.



ERX

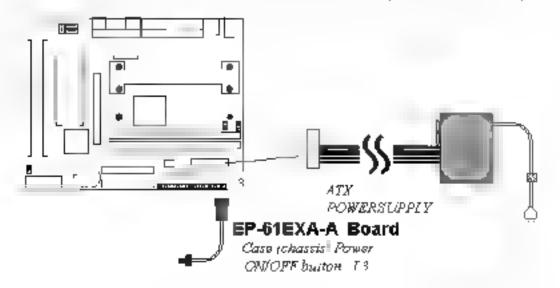
I/O Shield Connector

The EP-61EXA-A is equipped with an LO back panel. Pease use the appropriate I/O shield (figure 7)



The RP-61EXA: A has a single 20 pin connector for AFX power supplies. For AFX power supplies that support the Remote On/Off feature, this should be connected to the systems front panel for system Power On/Off button. The systems power On. Off button should be a momentary button that is normally open.

The EP-61EKA A has been designed with Soft Off' functions. You can turn Off the system from one of two sources. The first is the front pane. Power On Off button, and the other is the "Soft Off" function, coming from the EP-6.1EXA A is onboard circuit controller, that can be controlled by the operating system. Windows 95 will control this when the user cacks that they are ready to Shutdown the system.

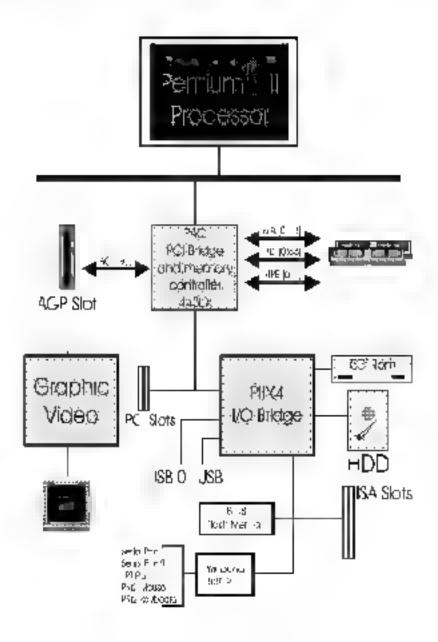


Pagure 4 Sample ATX Power OWOFF Controller

 \overline{EBX}

EP-61EXA-A Introduction

System Block Diagram



Pigure 5 System Block Diagram

ERX

Section 2

EP-61EXA-A Features:

- EP 6.BXA A is based on the Pentrum[®] II Processor operating at 233 ~ 333
 MHz on S ot The board is configured by an DIP Switch to match your CPU clock speed.
- Designed with Intels 82443 EX AGPset
- Supports up to 296MB of DRAM (minimum of 8 MB on board to ease see Section 3.2.
- Supports (2) 16 bit ISA slots (2) 32 bit PCI slots. 1 AGP slot and provides
 (2) independent high performance PCI IDE interfaces rapable of supporting
 PIO Mode 3:4 and Ultra DMA 33 devices. The EP 6 EXA A supports. 2)
 PCI Bus Master slots and a jumperless PCI INT# control scheme which
 reduces configuration routusion when plugging in PCI randis.
- Supports ATAPI e.g. CD-ROM) devices on both Primary and Secondary IDE interfaces
- Designed with Winbond W83977TF Mult: I/O: 1 floppy port. parallel port (EPP BCP) and (2' sensi ports 16550 Fast UART.
 Note Japanese "Floppy 3 mode" is also supported.
- Includes a PS/2 mouse connector
- Allows use of a PS/2 or AI keyboard.
- Features Award Plug & Play BIOS With Flash Memory you can always apprade to the current BIOS as they are released. http://www.epox.com.piease.visit.our.Terhnical Support section for the latest applates.
- EP 6.EXA A atthres a Lithium battery which provides environmental protection and onger battery afe
- Supports the Universal Sensi Bus (USB) connector. The onboard PIEX4 ctup provides the means for connecting PC peripherals such as keyboards, oysticks telephones, and modems.

EP-61EXA-A Features

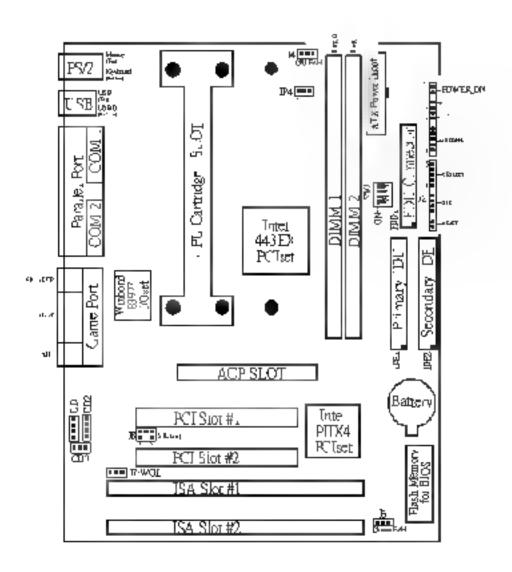
- . Built in ATX 20 pin power supply connector
- Software power down when using Windows® 95.98
- Supports ring in feature remote power on through external modern.
 allows system to be turned on remotely
- Resume by Alarm Allows your system to turn on at a preselected time.
- Power Loss Recovery In the event of a power outtage your system will automatically turn itself back on without user intervention
- Supports CPU Hardware sleep and SMM System Management Mode
- Supports Desktop Management Interface (DMI) facilitating the management of desktop computers, hardware and software components and pempherals, whether they are stand alone systems or inked into networks option
- Bult in WOI (Wake On Lan) Connector.
- Bruft in SB-Link Connector
- Supports YAMAHAAudio interface (YMF-715B-S)

ERX

Section 3

Page 3-1

EP 61EXA-A Detailed Layout



Algebra .

EÆX

Easy Installation Procedure

Easy Installation Procedure

The following must be completed before powering on your new system

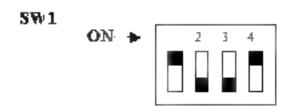
- 3.1 Configure DIP Switch to match your hardware
- 3-2 Install memory thips
- 3-3 Instal Pentum II Processor
- 3.4 Device Connectors

Section 3-1 Configure DIP Switch

BPoX designs this motherboard with a DIP Switch to make your installation fast and easier

The following will describe all of the DIP Switch that you are required to set before moving on to step 3-2

Note. The DIP Switch as depicted as shown (Figure 1) in their correct physical orientation



	CITI			
1	2	3	4	CPU
ON			ON	233
	ON	ON	ON	266
	ON		ON	300
		ON	ON	333

Section 3-2 System Memory Configuration

Memory Layout

The EP-6.EXA-A supports '2' 58 pm DIMMs (Dual In-line Memory Module The DIMMs can be either EDO (Enhanced Data Out) or SDRAM (Synchronized DRAM)

- DIMM SDRAM may be 83MHz 2ns). 100MHz 10ns or 120MHz (8ns) bus speed.
- If you use both 50ns and 60ns memory you must configure your BIO5 to read 60ns
- When using Synchronous DRAM we recommend using the 4 clock unrety over the 2 clock
- Fast Page Mode DRAM (FPM) is not supported by the EX AGPset. Only EDO and SDRAM are supported.

Figure 2 and Table show several possible memory configurations using both SDRAM and EDO memory

DIMM	(antıkri) ———	Synchronous
DIMM 2	Bank . —	ED0

EP₃X

Total Memory	DIM M I (Bank 0)	DIMM 2 (Bank 1)
256MB Marinum	EDO/SDRAM* 8MB .6MB 32MB 64MB. 28MB X	EDO SDRAM* 8MB .6MB 32MB 64MB28MB X .
= 28MB Maximum	EDO/SDRAM* BMB. 16MB. 32MB. 64MB. 28MB X	None

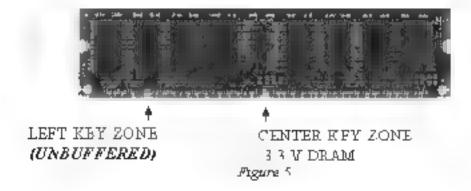
* SDRAM only supports 8 +6, 32, 64 +28MB DIMM modules

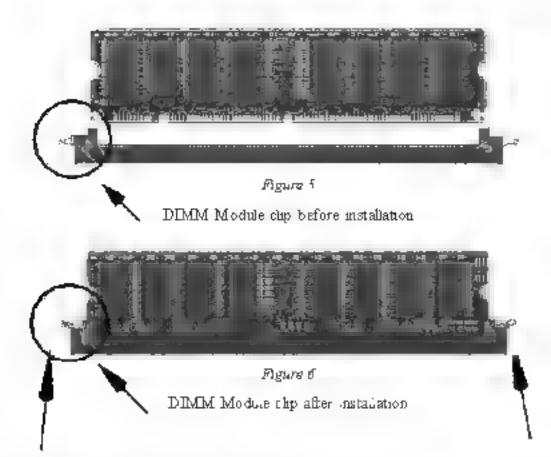
Тарке 1

DIMM Module Installation

Figure 5 displays the notch marks and what they should look like on your DIMM memory module

DIMMs have 168 pms and two notches that will match with the onboard DIMM socket. DIMM modules are installed by placing the chip firmly into the socket at a 90 degree angle and pressing straight down (figure 6 unit, it fits tightly into the DIMM socket (figure 7)





To remove the DIMM module simply press down both of the white this on both sides and the module will be released from the socket

Section 2-3 Installing a Pentium II Processor

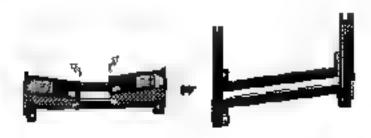
The EP 6 EXA A uses the Single Edge Contact SEC) slot for a Pentrum II processor packaged in an SEC cartridge. The SEC slot sinot compatible with other non Pentrum II processors.

Please have ready the foliowing ast of components so that we may metal: the processor onto the motherboard

- 1 Heat sink support (top/bottom piece)
- 2 Pentum II processor heat smk
- 3 Inte Pentaum II Processor

OK now that you have all of your components ready we can start

- First, please refer to figure 8 below and follow the direction to lift up the fixed foldable pentium. If Referbion Mechanism. This pre-installed device is designed for you to install Pentium. If CPU more easier and to avoide any damage on the board due to overtightening the four screws.
- One thing must be kept m your mind that please make sure to aft spright the foldable parts of the Retention module to fit and mistal. CPU properly



Pigura 8

Now we are going to install the heatsink support base piece figure 9 onto the motherboard. There is both a large and small to a (figure 10 so that the base will only fit in one direction. This piece needs to be pushed into the holes firmly until it is seated.

Now we are ready to install the SEC Cartridge (Pentrum II Processor into the Retention Module. The SEC Cartridge is mounted by suding the SEC Cartridge into the Retention Module and etting it slide all the way down. Once it reaches the

*ER*₃X

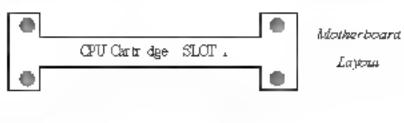
bottom make sure you press firmly on SEC cartridge to firmly secure into the Slot . Socket

Now we need to service the heatsink with the top half of the support figure 1. Take the top piece of the support and slide it into the bottom fin (figure 11 on the heatsink and then push forward until it cups into the bottom base figure 9) that is aready there (figure



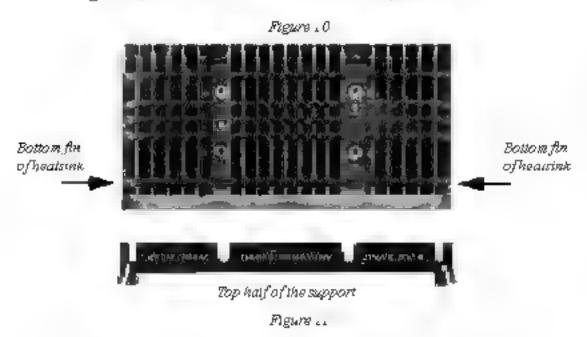
Figure 9

Figure 9 shows the layout of Slot 1 and the holes for mounting the Heatsink base piece figure 8



Large Hote for Heat Sink Base

Small Hale for Heat Bink Base



*ER*₂X

Section 3-4 Device Connectors

Please install the motherboard into the chassis

Now that your motherboard simstalled you are ready to connect all your connections (figure 12)

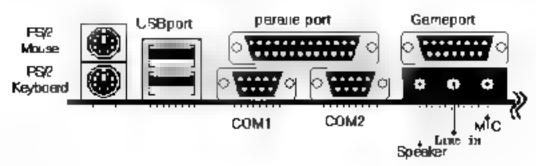


Figure 22

- J2 Chassis Pane Connector
 - · Keylock, Speaker Reset
- J3 IR Conn IB LED HDD LED POWER ON
- J4 CPU Fan Power
 - · A plug in for the CPU Fan Power
- J6 Chassis Fan Power
 - · A plug in for the chassis Fan Power
- J7 WOL (Wake on Lan Connector
- JB SB Link Connector
- IDE1 Primary IDE
- IDE2 Secondary IDE
- FDD1 Floppy Controller
- CD1 MITSUMI CD BOM Audio in
- CD2 SONY CD ROM Acdo of
- CD3 Panasonic CD-ROM Audio in

Section 3-4 Device Connectors (continue))

J2 1	KeyLock Keyboard ock switch & Power LED connector Power LED(+ 4 Keylock NC 5 GND GND
1	Speaker Connect to the system's speaker for beeping . Speaker 3 GND 2 N/C 4 GND
	Reset Closed to restart system.
J3 1	. VCC 4 GND 2 NC 5 RTK 3 DRX
+	achwate Turbo LED indicator LED ON when higher speed is selected
•	Power On Off This is connected to the power button on the case Using the Soft Off by Pwr BTTN feature you can choose either Instant Off (burns system off immediatly or 4 set delay you need to hold the button down for 4 seconds before the system burns off). When the system is in 4 set delay mode. EPoN has added a special feature to make the system go into suspend mode when the button is pressed momentarily.

*EP*₂X

Section 4 AWARD BLOW SETUP

BIOS Instructions

Award's ROM BIOS provides a built in Setup program which allows user to modify the basic system configuration and hardware parameters. The modified data will be stored in a battery backed CMOS so that data will be retained even when the power is turned off. In general, the information saved in the CMOS RAM will stay unchanged unless there is a configuration change in the system, such as hard drive replacement or a device is added.

It is possible for the CMOS battery to fail, this will cause data loss in the CMOS only. If this does happen you will need to reconfigure your BIOS settings

In enter the Setup Program

Power on the computer and press the 'Del' key immediately this will bring you into the BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY

> ROM PC" "9A BIO9 (2A69KPA9) C'MOS SETUP UT LITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC

STANDARD CMOS SETUP SUPERVISOR PASSWORD BOS FRATURES SET IP JSER PASS WORD CHIPSET REATURES SETUP DE HDD AUTO DETECTION POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP HDD LOW LEVEL FORMAT PWP/PC CONFIGURATION SAVE & EXIT SET JP NTEGRATED PERIPHERALS EXIT WITHOUT SAUING LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS ^ ↓ → SELECT TEM ESC QUIT F10 Save & Exit Setup (Shift)F2 Change Calor Time, Date, Hard Dick Type

Figure 1 CMOS Setup Utility

EP6X

The menu displays all the major selection items. Select the item you need to reconfigure. The selection is made by moving the cursor (press any direction key to the tem and pressing the Enter key. An on the help message is displayed at the bottom of the screen as the cursor is moved to various items which provides a better understanding of each function. When a selection is made, the menu of the selected tem will appear so that the user can modify associated configuration parameters.

4-1 Standard CMOS Setup

Choose "Standard CMOS Setup" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY Mean (Figure 2, The Standard CMOS Setup allows the user to configure system settings such as the current date and time type of hard disk drive installed floppy drive type and disp ay type. Memory size is auto-detected by the BIOS and disp ayed for your reference. When a field is highlighted (use direction keys to move the cursor and the "Enter" key to select, the entries in the field can be changed by pressing the "PgDn" or the "PgUp" key

ROMPCIASA BIOS(2A69KPA9' STANDARDCMOS SETUP A WARDSOFTWARE...NC

HARD	IVPE	EIZ E	DYLS	HEAD	PRECOMP	LANDZONE	SECTORE	MODE
Primary Missier	Audo	0	0	0	0	0	0	(****
Primary Stars	Junio	0	0	0	0	0	0	Austr
Secondary Master	Aude	0	0	0	0	0	0	Anaby
Secondary Slave	danto	0	0	а	٥	0	0	donte
Drive B None					Весе Меноту	r	6408	
Flappy a Minde Su video EGA Halt On All E	/VGA	Dirablad			Estanded Mar Other Memory	enory	3-744K 784K	

Figure 2 Standard CMOS Setup

NOTE If the hard disk Primary Muster/Slave and Secondary Muster/Slave are set to Auto, then the hard disk size and model will be auto-detected.

 $FP_{i}X$

NOTE: The "Halt On" field is used to determine when to halt the system by the BIOS if an error occurs.

NOTE Floppy 3 blode support is a mode used to support a special 3.5° drive used in Japan. This is a 3.5° disk that stores only 1.2 MB, the default setting for this is disabled.

4-2 BIOS Features Setup

Selecting the "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" option in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu allows users to change system related parameters in the displayed menu. This menu shows all of the manufacturer's default values for the IP 61EXA A

Pressing the [F1] key will display a help message for the selected tem

ROW PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69,DOC) BIOS FEATURES SETUP ANARO SOFTWARE, INC

Boot Up Ploppy Seek Boot Up Numbook Status Boot Up System Speed Gate A20 Option Typematic Rate Betting Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec) Typematic Delay (Masc) Security Option	Disabled Snabled Enabled A C SCSI Disabled Snabled Con Eigh Fast Disabled 6 250 c Secup	Video BICS Shadow : Enabled C0000-CBFFF Shadow Disabled D0000-D3FFF Shadow Disabled D4000 DFFFF Shadow Disabled D8000-DBFFF Shadow Disabled DC000-DFFFF Shadow Disabled Dc000-DFFFF Shadow Disabled
PCI/VGA Palette Shoop OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	Fon-082	BSC Quit ++-: Select Item F1 Help PU/PD/+/- Modify F5 Old Values (Shift)F2 Color F7 Load Setup Defaults

Pigure 3 BIOS Features Setup

Virus Warning: During and after the system boots up any attempt to write to the boot sector or parkhon table of the bard disk drive will had the system and an error message will appear. You should then run an acti virus program to ocate the virus. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive. The default value is Disabled.

ERX

Enabled: Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector

Disabled: No warning message will appear when anything attempts to acress the boot sector

Note: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you first disable the virus warning.

CPU Internal Cache This controls the status of the processor's internal cache area.

The default is Enabled

Enabled. This artivales the processo similarnal cacks thereby increasing performance

Disabled. This dear tivales the processor is internal cache thereby towering performance

External (L2) Cache This controls the status of the external L2 cache area. The default is Enabled.

Enabled. This activates the CPU L2 cache thereby in reasing performance **Disabled:** This deactivates the CPU L2 cache thereby owering performance

Quick Power On Self Test This category speeds up the Power On Self Test (POST)

The default is Enabled

Enabled. This setting win shorien or skip of the home cherked during POST

Disabled: Norma, POST

Boot Sequence This category determines which drive is searched first by the OFS (Operating System,

The default s A C SCSI

The following is your lies of opilions
[A C SCSI] [C A SCSI] [C CD ROM, A] [CD ROM, C, A]
[D, A, CD-ROM] [E, A. CD-ROM] [F A, CD-ROM] [SCSI, A. C]
[SCSI C A] [C Only]

Swap Floppy Drive This will swap your physical drive letters A & B f you are using two floppy disks

The default is D sabled

Enabled: Frappy A & B will be swapped under the OSS **Disabled**: Floppy A & B will be not swapped

Boot Up Floppy Seek. During Power On Self Test POST) BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed \$40 or 80 tracks. Only 360K type is 40 tracks while 760K, 1.2MB and 1.44MB are al. 80 tracks.

The default is Enabled

Enabled: The BiOS will search the floppy disk drive to determine if it is 40 or 80 tracks

Disabled: The B₂OS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number

NOTE BIOS can not tell the difference between 726K, I 2MB and I 44MB drive types as they are all 80 tracks.

Boot Up NumLock Status This controls the state of the NumLock key when the system boots

The default is On

On The keypad acis as a 10-key pad

Off: The keypad acts like the cursor keys

Boot UP System Speed This controls the initial system speed of the computer The default is High

High This seiting sets the computer into normal operation mode Law. This setting sets the computer into a slower operating mode. Some add-in peripherals or old software may require this setting. Using CTRL+ALT+++ will switch you back into high speed mode.

Gate A20 Option This refers to the way the system addresses memory above MB extended memory

The default is East

Normal The A20 signal is controlled by the keyboard controller or chipsel hardware.

Fast. The A20 signa, is controlled by Port 92 or chipset specific method.

Typematic Rate Setting This determines the keystrokes repeat rate.

The default is Disabled.

Enabled. Allows typematar rate and typematic delay programming **Disabled**: The typematic rate and typematic delay will be controlled by the keyboard controller in your system

Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec) This is the number of characters that will be repeated by a keyboard press

The default is 6

6 6 characters per second 8 8 characters per second 10 10 characters per second 12 12 characters per second 15 15 characters per second 20 20 characters per second.

24 24 characters per secona. 30 30 characters per secona.

Typematic Delay (msec) This setting controls the time between the first and the second character displayed by typematic auto-repeat

The default is 250

250 250 msec

100 meec

750. 750 msec

2000 → 000 msec

Security Option This category adows you to aimst access to the System and Setup, or just to Setup.

The default is Setup

System. The system will now boot and who access to Solup will be denied of the correct password is now entered at the prompt

Setup The system will boot, but the access to Setup will be demed if the incorrect password is not entered at the prompt

PCLVGA Palette Snoop This field controls the ability of a primary PCLVGA controller to share a common palette (When a snoop write rycles) with an ISA video card

The default is Disabled

Enabled: If an ISA card is connected to a PC. VGA card via the VESA connector, and that ISA card connects to a VGA monisor, then shat ISA card uses the RAMDAC of the PCI card.

Disabled: Disables the VGA card Palette Shoop function

OS Select For DRAM = 64MB Some operating systems require special handling. Use this option only if your system has greater than 64MB of memory. The default's Non-OS2

OS2. Selections of you are running the OS2 operating system with greater than 64MB of RAM.

Non-OS2 Selections for all other operating systems and configurations.

Video BIOS Shadow This option allows indea BIOS to be copied ato RAM Video Shadowing will increase the video performance of your system. The default is Enabled.

Enabled: Video shadow is enabled. Disabled: Video shadow is disabled.

C8000 CBFFF Shadow CC000 CFFFF Shadow D0000 D3FFF Shadow D4000 D7FFF Shadow D8000 DBFFF Shadow DC000 DFFFF Shadow

These categories determine whether ROMs from option cards will be copied into RAM. This will be in 16K byte or 32K byte units, and the size will depend on chipset of the option rand.

Enabled: Optiona shadow is enabled.

Disabled: Optional shadow is disabled.

4-3 Chipset Features Setup

Choose the "CHIPSEL PLATURES SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTILILY menu to display following menu

NOW PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JNHC) CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP AMARD SOFTMARK, INC.

BDO RAS# To CAS# Delay BDO RAS# Precharge Time BDO DRAW Read Burst EDC DRAW Write Burst DRAW Data Integrity Wode	x222 x222 year BCC Brobled : Disabled : Disabled : Disabled	SURAM	CAS latency	Time Z	
Paggive Reisass	Enabled Enabled B Fest Fest	880 F1 F5 F7	Quit Heip Old Values Load Satup	(Shift F2 : Cold	ity

Figure 4 Chipset Features Setup

Auto Configuration This selects predetermined optimal values of the chipset parameters

The default is Enabled

Enabled This enables auto-configuration and provides the option to select predefined liming modes

Disabled: This allows the user to specify DRAM timing parameters

Note If you exceed the performance characteristics of memory in your system it will result in lockups, crashes and other problematic system operations.

EDO DRAM Speed Selection This value must correspond to the speed of the DRAM installed in your system

The default s 60ms

50ns. (Paster Burs: Wast State, for 10ns EDO DRAM **60ns** (Slower Burs: Was. State, for 60ns Fast Page Mode EDO DRAM.

MA Additional Want State This allows the option to insert an additional wait state before the beginning of a memory read. Use of this option may be required to achieve compatibility with some system configurations.

The default is Slow

Fast. inserts no wait stale

Slow. Inserts one wait state for the memory cycle.

EDO RAS# to CAS# Delay Allows you to insert a tuning delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals used when DRAM is written to read from or refreshed. The default is 3

- 2. Faster performance.
- 3 Betser result tith.

EDO RAS# Precharge Time The precharge time is the number of cycles I takes for the RAS to accumulate its charge before EDO DRAM refresh. If insufficient time is allowed refresh may be incomplete and the EDO DRAM may fail to retain data.

The default is 4

- 3 Time equals a hast clocks
- 4 Time equals 4 hast clocks

EDO DRAM Read Burst (B.E.F) This setting will allow you to set the tuning for burst mode reads from BDO DRAM. The lower the timing number the faster the system addresses the memory.

The default is ±3.33.

x222 Les of this option may cause conflicts with some system configurations.

x333 This is used for standard system configurations.

EDO DRAM Write Burst (Bir F) This setting will allow you to set the timing for burst mode writes to EDO DRAM. The ower the timing number the faster the system addresses the memory.

The default is x3 33.

x222. Use of this option may cause conflicis with some system configurations.

x333 This is used for standard system configurations.

DRAM Data Integrity Mode. Use this option to configure the type of DRAM in your system.

The default a Non ECC

Non-ECC: If your memory is Non-ECC memory, choose this option **ECC**: If your memory is ECC memory, choose this option.

CPU In PCI IDE Posting This option allows the computer to post write cycles from the CPU to the PCI IDE interface. IDE accesses are posted in the CPU to PCI buffers for two explainingation.

The default is Enabled

Enabled. Enabled **Disabled** Disabled

System BIOS Cacheable This allows you to copy your BIOS code from slow ROM to fast RAM

The default is Disabled

Enabled. The option will improve system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result. **Disabled**. System BIOS non-cacheable.

Video BIOS Carheable This option copies the video ROM BIOS to fast RAM.

C0000h to C7FFFh

The default is Enabled

Enabled: Bnables the Video BIOS Cacheable to speed up the VGA Performance

Disabled: Will not use the Video BIOS Cacheable function.

Video RAM Cache able This option allows the CPU to carbe read writes of the video RAM

The default is Enabled

Enabled: This option allows for fasier video access.

Disabled. Reduced video performance.

8 Bit I/O Recovery Time. This function allows you to set the wait state that is added to an 8 bit ISA instruction originated by the PCI bits.

The default is 3

 NA
 No was sate
 8
 8 was states

 1
 wait states
 2
 2 was states

 3
 wait states
 4
 4 was states

 5
 wait states
 6
 6 was states

16 Bit I/O Recovery Time This function allows you to set the wast state that is added to an 16 bit ISA instruction originated by the PCI bus

The default is 2

NA No wait state 4 4 wai, states 3 3 wait states 2 2 wai, states 1 , wait states

Memory Hole at 15M 16M. You can reserve this memory area for the use of ISA adaptor ROMs

The default is Disabled

Enabled: This field enables the main memory 15~16MB) to remap to 1SA BUS

Disabled: Norma, Setting.

NOTE: If this feature is enabled you will not be able to cache this memory segment

Passive Release This option allows access from the CPU to PCI but to be active during passive release. Otherwise the arbiter only ancepts another PCI master access to local DRAM.

The default s Enabled

Enabled Enabled
Disabled Disabled

Delayed Transaction. This option allows the chipset to use its embedded 32-bit posted write buffer to support delay transactions cycles. The default is Disabled.

Enabled: Select enabled to support PC. 2. specification

Disabled Disabled

AGP Aperture Size The amount of system memory that the AGP card is allowed to share

The default is 4

- 4. 4MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 8. 8MB of systems memory acressable by the AGP card
- 16. ISMB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 32. 2MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card.
- 64 64MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP cara.
- 128. . 18MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card
- 256. 256MB of systems memory accessable by the AGP card

SDRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay Allows you to meent a timing delay between the CAS and RAS strobe signals, used when SDRAM is written to read from or refreshed.

The default is Fast

Fast Provides faster memory performance

Slaw Provides better memory compatibility.

SDRAM Precharge Time. The precharge time is the number of cycles it takes for the RAS to accumulate its charge before SDRAM refresh. If insufficient time is allowed, refresh may be incomplete and the SDRAM may fail to retain data. The default is Fast

Fast. Provides fasier memory performance.

Slow Provides better memory compatibuity.

SDRAM CAS Latency Time This setting defines the CALI timing parameter of the SDRAM in terms of clocks

The default is 3

- 2. Provides faster memory performance.
- Provides better memory compatibuity.

CPU Warning Temperature This is the temperature that the computer will respond to an overheating CPU

The default is disabled

Enabled: Temperature is momitored on the CPU

Desabled This feature is turned off.

Current CPU Temperature This is the current temperature of the CPU

Current Power FAN Speed. The current power fan speed in RPMs

Current CPU FAN Speed The current CPU fan speed in RPMs

Current Chassis FAN Speed. The current chasses fan speed in RPMs

CPU(V) The voltage level of the CPU

Note The hardware information above is not available for a mainboard without NS LM75/LM78 ICs

4-4 Power Management Setup

Choose the "POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY to display the following streen. This menu allows the user to modify the power management parameters and IRQ signals. In general, these parameters should not be rhanged unless its absolutely necessary.

ROM PUISA BIOS (2A59PAB) POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP AWARDSOFTWARE, INC.

Power Managemare. PM Corirol by APM Odes of Method Video of Method Video of Method Video of Method Video of Method Standby Mode Standby Mode HDD Down Down Throttle Duty Cycle VISA Active Modeing Set of by PWB-BTIN Resume by Alexan	User Define Yes V/H SYMG+Blook Standby Direbled Direbled Direbled 63.5% Blookled PS(301-0) Backled	**Reload (Robal Theor Branc ** RQ [3-7, 9-5], NMI Prinary IDE 0 Prinary IDE 0 Secretary IDE 1 Plappy Disk Serial Port Percliat Port	Ensbled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled
Resume By Alam	Baabled.	,	Nu → Select Ben. U/PD/+^ Modifi
IRO 8 Chock Event.	Disabled		Suffi) P2 Color

Pigure 5 Power Management Setup

You can only change the content of Doze Mode Standby Mode, and Suspend Mode when the Power Management's set to User Define

Power Management Use this to select your Power Management selection. The default is User define

Disabled: The system operates in NORMAL conditions (Non GREBN), and the Power Managemen, function is disabled.

Max. saving. Maximum power savings, inactivity period is a minute in each mode.

Min saving Mimmum power savings, inactivity period is a hour in each mode.

User define Allows user to define PM Timers parameters to control power saving mode

PM controlled APM. This option shows weather or not you want the Power Management to be controlled the Advanced Power Management APM). The default is Yes.

Yes APM controls your PM

No. APM does not control your PM

Video Off Mathod: This option allows you to select how the index wall be disabled by the power management

The default s V/H Symc + Blank

ViH Sync + Blank. System turns off versus a and normsonial synchronization ports and writes blanks to the video buffer

DPMS. Select this option of your monitor supports the Display Power Management Signating DPMS) standard of the Video Riestronics Standards Association (VESA). Use the software supplied for your video subsystem to select video power management talues.

Blank Screen System only writes branks to the video buffer

Video Off After Tells you what time frame that the video will be disabled under current power management settings

The default a Standby

Standby Video powers off after time shown in standby made seiting **Doze**. Video powers off after time shown in doze mode setting, **Suspend**: Video powers off after time shown in suspend mode setting, **N.A.** Video power off not controlled by power management.

MODEM Use IRQ Name the interrupt request (IRQ) are assigned to the modem f any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ arways awakens the system. Default is IRQ 3

 IV-A
 No IRQ is used
 3
 IRQ 3

 4
 IRQ 4
 5
 IRQ 5

 7
 IRQ 7
 9
 IRQ 9

 10
 IRQ 10
 11
 IRQ 11

The EP 6.FXA A supports HDD Power Down. Doze and Standby power saving functions when using the Intel Pentium II Processor. The default is Disabled.

Doze Mode: The "Doze" mode timer starts to rount when no "PM events" have occurred

Standby Mode. When the standby mode times out, it will enter the standby mode and retain CPU at a slow working speed. The screen will be blanked out

Suspend Mode This function works only when the Pentium II Processor is mistalled. The timer starts to count when "System Standby" mode timer is timed out and no "PM Events" are occurring. Valid range is from minute up to hour

HDD Power Down HDD Standby timer can be set from a to 15 minute,s'

VGA Active Momitor Use this option if your monitor has advanced power saving features

The default is Enabled

Enabled: Your manutar's power features with be included in power management.

Disabled: Your monitor s power features will not be included in power management.

Soft-Off by FWR-BITN Use this to select your soft-off function. The default is Instant Off.

Instant Off: Turns off melantly.

4 Second Detay Turns off after a 4 second deals. If momentary press of bullon, the system will go into Suspend Mode. Press again to take system out of Suspend Mode.

 \overline{F} \overline{P} X

Rusume by Ring. This option is used to set the remote ring in feature. This option is only available when Power Loss Removery is Enabled.

The default is Enabled

Enabled: The system can use remote ring in to wake the system up. Disabled: The system cannot use remote ring in to wake system up.

Power I ass Recovery If the power to the system is not off the system will turn usef bank on with no user intervention

The default is Enabled

Enabled. The system was power back on after a power interseption. Disabled: The system will stay off after a power interseption.

Resume by Alarm. This option allows you to have the system turn on at a preset time each day or on a certain day. This option is only available when Power Loss Recovery is Enabled.

The default is Briab ed

Enabled: The system was turn on at the presestime.

Disabled The system was not surn on units you turn it on

Date of month) Alarm: This show you set the date that the system will turn on The default is 0

Setting this to 0 will turn the system on everyday at the preset time.

1-31 Represents the day of the month that you need the system to turn on

Time (hit mm ss) Alarm. This sets the time that you need the system to turn on The deallt is 08:00:00

**Reload Global Timer Events **

These options about the user to reset the global power features timer if any of the enabled events occur

IRQ [3, 7, 9, 15], NMI The default is Enable

Primary IDE 0 The default is D sable

Primary IDE 1 The default is D sable

Secondary IDE 0 The default is Disable

Secondary IDE 1 The default is Disable

Floppy Disk. The default is Disable

Serial Port The default is Enable

Parallel Port The default is Disable

4-5 PNP/PCI Configuration

The PNP/PCI configuration program is for the user to modify the PCI/ISA IRQ signals when various PCI/ISA cards are inserted in the PCI or ISA slots

WARNING. Conflicting IRQ s may cause the system to not find certain devices

5000 80774 50 970 F 1 264 955 9300 9714 97 970 F 1 264 955 5500 9700 50 9700 50 1 264

	rtalled Contro ded. By guration Data	Mamut Disabled	FILDE ROME TO Primary DE HAW So unday DE HAW	Á	PCLAJTO B
RQ. RQ.4 RQ.4 RQ.7 RQ.9 RQ.0 RQ.2 RQ.4 RQ.5 DMA-0 DMA-1 DMA-6 DMA-1	usuped to se ged to	LEGICY ISA LEGICY ISA DCTISA DAD	Used LOEM bus addr Le. Quit. F1 Help F5 Old Values F7 Load Setup Definits	ዮ ቀ • የሀ/ያ 0. + 'Staft' F2	/- Modify

Figure 6 PCI Configuration Setup

PNP OS Installed Do you have a PNP OS installed on your system. The default is No

Yes Sevectify on are using a PNP OS

No Sevect of your OS does not support PNP

Resources Controlled By Who controlled the system PNP/PCI resources. The default is Manual.

Minual PNP Cont is resources will be controlled manually. You can set which IFQ-X and DMA-X are assigned to PCVISA PNP or Legacy ISA Cards

Auto. If your ISA card and PCI card are as PNP cards, BIOS was assign the interrupt resource automaticany.

Reset Configuration Data. This setting allows you to clear ESCD data.
The default is Disabled

Disabled: Normal Sesting.

Enabled. If you have plugged in some Legacy raids to the system and they were recorded into ESCD. Extended System Configuration Data you can set this field to Enabled in order to clear ESCD.

PCI IDE IRQ Map To This term allows the user to configure the system for the type of IDE hard disk controller in use. By default, the BIOS assumes that the hard drive controller is an ISA device rather than a PCI controller. If you are using a PCI controller, then you will need to change this to specify which PCI slot has the controller and which PCI interrupt. A. B. C. or D. is associated with the connected IDE devices.

The default value is PCI AUTO. This woll allow the system to automatically configure the IDE devices.

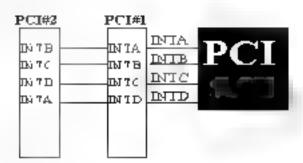


Figure 7: The Combination of PCI INT#lines

Used MEM base addr. The Used MEM base addr. CB00, CC00, D000, D400, D800, DC00), and Used MEM Length (8K, 16K, 32K, 64K, are used to support some specific ISA Legacy cards with requested memory space below. M. address Now with these two functions, users can define where the used memory address is located and its length of the legacy area that is used by the legacy device to avoid the memory space conflict. For example, if you select "D000" for Used MEM base addr. and 16K for Used MEM Length: that means the address region D000H D3FFFH is occupied by ISA legacy cards, and thus BIOS will not assign this region for PnP4SA and PCI cards.

The default is N A

4-6 Load Setup Defaults

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary only when the system CMOS data is corrupted.

4-7 Integrated Peripherals

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A69JHNC) INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS AWARD SOPTWARE, INC

108 Secondary Slave PIO 108 Primary Master UDMA 108 Primary Slave UDMA 108 Secondary Master UDMA 108 Secondary Slave UDMA On-Chip Primary PCI 108 On-Chip Secondary PCI 108:	Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Enabled Snabled Disabled	Onboard Parellel Port Parellel Port Mode BCF Mode Use DMA EPP Mode Select	PCP+BPP
Onboard POC Controller Onboard Serial Port 1 : Onboard Serial Port 2 :	Enabled Auto	BSC : Quit 14-1 P1 - Relp PU/PD, P5 - Old Values Shift P7 : Load Setup Default	PR COLOR

Pigure 8 Integrated Peripherats

Note: If you do not use the Onboard IDE connector, then you will need to set Onboard Primary PCI IDE, Disabled and Onboard Secondary PCI IDE, Disabled

Note: The Onboard PCI IDE cable should be equal to or less than 18 inches (45 cm.)

EF 0 IEXA-A BIOS

IDE HDD Block Mode IDE Block Mode allows the controller to acress blocks of sectors rather than a single sector at a time

The default is Briabled

Enabled Enabled .DE HDD Block Made Provides higher HDD transfer rales

Disabled Disable IDE HDD Black Mode

Onboard Primary PCI IDE The default value is Boabled

Enabled. Enables Onboard 1DE pronary port.

Disabled Disables Onboard 1DE primary port.

Onboard Secondary PCI IDE

The default is Bnabled

Enabled. Enables Onboard IDE secondary port.

Disabled Disables Onboard IDE secondary port.

IDE Primary Master PIO

The default s Auto

Auto. B.OS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Master PC. IDE HDD Accessing mode

Made 0-4 Manually set the IDE Programmed interrupt made

IDE Primary Slave FIO

The default s Auto

Auto: B.OS was automatically delets the Onboard Primary Slave PC, IDE HDD Accessing mode

Mode 6–4 Manually set the IDE Pragrammed interrupt made

IDE Secondary Master PIO

The default s Auto

Auto. BIOS will amomalically detect the Onboard Secondari Master PC. IDE HDD Accessing mode

Made 0-4 Manually set the IDE Pragrammed interrupt made

IDE Secondary Stave PIO

The default s Auto

Auto B.OS w., automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Slave PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode

Mode № 4 Mamiaiy ee. the IDE Programmea inserrupt mode.

IDE Primary Master UDMA. This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive

The default s Auto

Auto. The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled. The hard drive will run in normal mode.

IDE Primary Slave UDMA. This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive

The default s Auto

Auto. The computer will solve, the optimal setting, Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode

IDE Secondary Master UDMA This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hard drive

The default s Auto

Auto The computer will select the optimal setting Disabled: The hand drive was run in normal mode

IDE Secondary Slave UDMA This allows you to select the mode of operation for the hand drive

The default is Auto

Auto. The computer will select the optimal setting.

Disabled: The hard drive will run in normal mode

USB Keyboard Support. This controls the activation status of an optional USB keyboard that may be attached.

The default is disabled.

Enabled. Enable USB keyboard support.

Disabled. Disable USB kayboard support.

OnBoard Primary PCI IDE This option turns on and off the onboard primary IDE The default is enabled

Enabled. This activates the primary PC LDE.

Disabled: This disables the primary PC1.DE and frees up the resource

OnBoard Secondary PCI IDE This option turns on off the onboard secondary IDE. The default is enabled

Enabled. This activates the secondary PCI 1DE

Disabled This disables the secondary PCI.DE and frees up its resources.

KBC input clock This sets the keyboard rock value. The default s 12 MHz

Options: 6 8, 12 16 are the available choices.

Onboard FDC Controller This controls the state of the onboard floppy controller. The default value is Enabled.

Enabled: Enable the Onboard Winbond Chips & floppy drive interface controller.

Disabled Disable the Onboard Winbond Chip's floppy drive interface controller.

Onboard Serial Port 1 This field allows the user to configure the 1st sens, port The default is Auto

AUTO Enable Onboard Serial port Land address is Auto adjusted

COMI Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3F8H IRQ4

COM2 Brable Orboard Serial port 1 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3

COMB: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 1E8HiTRQ4

COM4 Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3

Disabled Disable Onboard Winbond Chip s CHIP's Seria port 1

Onboard Serial Port 2 This he deliows the user to configure the 2nd serial port. The default is Auto

AUTO Enable Onboard Seria, port 2 and address is Auto adjusted

COM1 Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is IF8H/IRQ4

COM2 Buable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2F8HIRQ3

COM3 Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 1E8H/IRQ4

COM4 Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3

Disabled Disable Onboard Winbond Chip & ChiP & Serial port 1

Onboard IR Controller IrDA Controller

The default is Enabled

IR Address Select The port location of the IR controller

The default s 2E8H

IR Made The mode of the IR controller

The default s IrDA

IR Transaction Delay

The default is Briab ad

IR IRŲ Select

The default is IRQ 10

IR Mode use DMA

The default s Disable

Onboard Parallel port. This he diallows the ager to configure the LPI port. The default is 378H - IRQ?

378H Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 378H and 2RQ7

278H Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 278H and 1RQS.

3BCH Brable Onboard LPT port and address is 3BCH and .RQ7

Disabled Disable Onboard Winbond Chip's LPT port.

Parallel Port Mode. This field allows the user to select the parallel port mode. The default is ECP+EPP.

Normal Standard mode. IBM PC-AT Compatible bidirectional parallel port.

EPP Enhanced Paralle, Port mode.

ECP Extended Capabilities Port mode.

EPP+ECP ECP Mode & EPP Mode

ECP Mode USE DMA. This field allows the user to select DMA1 or DMA3 for the ECP mode.

The default s DMA3

DMA1 This field selects the routing of DMA1 for the ECP mode

DMA3 This field selects the routing of DMA3 for the ECP mode

4-8 Change Supervisor or User Versenad

To change the password, thoose the "SUPERVISOR PASSWORD or USER PASSWORD" option from the CMOS SHIUP UTILITY ment and press Enter

NOTE Either "Setup" or "System" must be selected in the "Security Option" of the BIOS FEATURES SETUP menu.

1 If CMOS is corrupted or the option was not used, a default password stored in the ROM will be used. The screen will display the following message.

Enter Password

Press the [Enter] key to continue after the proper password is given

2 If the CMOS is corrupted or the option was used earlier and the user wishes to change the default password the SETUP UTILITY wild display a mes sage and ask for a confirmation

Confirm Password

 After pressing the [Enter] key (ROM password if the option was not used or current password user-defined password the user can change the password and store new one in CMOS RAM. A maximum of 8 characters can be entered.

4-9 IOE HDD Auto Detection

The "IDE HDD auto detection" starty is a very useful tool, especially when you do not know which kind of hard disk type you are using. You can use this atthity to detect the correct disk type installed in the system automatically. But now you can set HARD DISK TYPE to Auto in the SIANDARD CMOS SETUP. You don't need the "IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" atthity. The BIOS will Auto detect the hard disk size and mode, on display during POST.

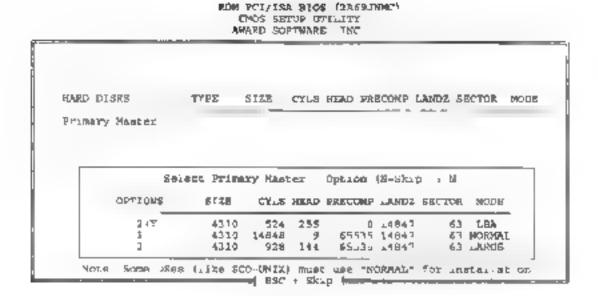


Figure 8 IDE HDD Auto Desertion

NOTE HDD Modes

The Award BIOS supports 3 HDD modes NORMAL LBA & LARGE NORMAL mode

Generic acress mode in which neither the BIOS nor the IDE controller will make any transformations during accessing

The maximum number of cylinders, head & sectors for NORMAI mode are

024 6 & 6.3	
no Cylinder	024
x no Head	ଶ
wino Sector	63)
x no, per sector	<u>.5.2)</u>
	528 Megabytes

If user set his HDD to NORMAL mode, the maximum accessible HDD size will be 528 Megabytes even though its physical size may be greater than that

LBA (Logira, Block Addressing) mode. A new HDD accessing method to overcome the 528 Megabyte bottleneck. The number of cylinders, heads & sectors shown a setup may not be the number physically contained in the HDD. During HDD accessing, the IDE controller will transform the logical address described by sector, head & rylinder into its own physical address his de the HDD. The maximum HDD size supported by LBA mode is 8.4 GigaBytes which is obtained by the following formula.

no Cylmder	024
в no Head	2551
หาง Sector	63)
a bytes per sector	<u>.5.2)</u>
	8 4 GigaBytes

LARGE mode - Extended HDD access mode supported by Award Software

Some IDE HDDs contain more than 1024 rylinder without LBA support in some cases user do not want LBA. The Award BIOS provides another alternative to support these kinds of LARGE mode.

CAIZ	HEADS	SECTOR	MODE
1 20	16	59	NORMAI
560	32	59	LARGE

BIOS tracks DOS or other OS that the number of rylinders is less than 1024 by dividing tiby 2. At the same time the number of heads is multiplied by 2. A reverse transformation process will be made inside.

INT .2h in order to arcess the right HDD address

Maximum HDD size

no Cylmder	024
m no Head	3.21
who Sector	631
x bytes per sector	<u>, 5 2)</u>
	1 GigaByte

Note To support LBA or LARGE mode of HDDs, there must be some software involved. All the software is located in the Award HDD Service Routine (INT 13h, It may full to access a HDD with LBA (LARGE) mode selected if you are running under a Operating System which replaces the whole INT 13h.

UNIX operating systems do not support either LBA or LARGE and must oblize the Standard mode. UNIX can support drives arger than 528MB.

4-16 HDD Low Level Format

Interleave Select the interleave number of the hard disk drive you wish to perform a low level formation. You may select from 1 to 8. Check the documentation that came with the drive for the correct interleave number, or select 0 for automatic detection.

Auto scan bad track. This allows the whity to so an first then format by each track.

Start. Press 'Y 'to start low evel format.

3-11 Save & Exit Setup

The "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" option will bring you back to the boot up procedure with all the changes you just recorded in the CMOS RAM

3-12 Exit Without Saving

The 'EXIT WITHOUT SAVING' option will bring you back to normal boot up procedure without saving any data into CMOS RAM

All old data in the CMOS will not be destroyed

DMI Access

DMI Access

DMI or dealtrop Management Interface is a feature that a able to auto-detect and record information about your computer system. This information is used by computing professionals to accurately determine your system configuration and to diagnose and resolve problems.

The computer sBIOS will detect and record as much information as it is able to and will store that information in a special or ation in the BIOS

The DMI configuration utility will allow system integrators to add information that the BIOS cannot detect such as mode, and brand of motherboard and other components. This information cannot be detected by the bios and must be added by the system integrator or sendor.



Pigure . DMI Screen Shoot

Appendix A:

A-1 MEMORY MAP

Address Range	Size	Description
[00000 7FFFF]	5 2K	Conventional memory
[80000 9FBFF]	27K	Extended Conventional memory
[9FC00.9FFFF]	K	Extended BIOS data area if PS/2 mouse is installed
[A0000 C*7FFF]	60K	Available for H. DOS memory
[C8000-DFFFF]	96K	Available for HiDOS memory and adapter ROMs
[E0000-EEFFF]	60K	Avalable for UMB
[99773-00094]	4K	Video service routine for Manochroine & CCA
		adaptor
[F0000: FTFFF]	32K	BIOS CMOS setup utility
[444.74·00084]	20 K	BIOS runtime service routine (2)
[FD000-PDFFF]	4K	Plug and Play ESC D date erea
[FE000-FFFFF]	8K	BIOS runhme service routine

A-2 I/O MAP

[000 D F]	DMA combroller Master)
[020-02	NTERRUPT CONTROLLER (Master)
[022-023]	CHIPSET control registers. I/D ports
[040-05F]	TIMER route registers
[060-D6F]	KEYBOARD interface controller [8042]
[470 060]	RTC ports & CMOS (O ports
[780·D9F]	DMA register
[OAO OBF]	NTERRUPT controller (Slave
[BCG-GDF]	DMA controller (Slave
[OFO-OFF]	MATH COPROCESSOR
[FD.1F8]	HARDDISK controller
[278-27F]	PARALLEL port 2
[2B0-2DF]	GRAPH CS adapter controller
[2F8-2FF]	SERIAI port2
[360-36F]	NETWORK ports
[378-378]	PARALLELport
[3B0-3BF]	MONOCHROME & PARALLEI port adapter
[3C0-3CF]	EGA adapter

[3D0 3DF] CGA adapter

[3FD-3FT] FLOPPY DISK controller

[3FB 3FF SERIAL port

A-3 TIMER & DMA CHANNELS MAP

TIMER MAP

T'MER Channe 0 System timer interrupt
T'MER Channe 1 DRAM REFRESH request
T'MER Channe 2 SPEAKER tone generator

DMA CHANNELS

DMA Charmer 0 Avadable

DMA Channel Onboard ECP Option

DMA Channel 2 FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP)

DMA Channel 3 Onboard ECP default

DMA Chammet 4 Cast ade for DMA controller 1

DMA Charmer 6 Avauable
DMA Charmer 6 Avauable
DMA Charmer 7 Avauable

A-4 INTERRUPT MAP

NMI

Parity check error

ING H/W

System T MER interrupt from TIMER 0

KEYBOARD output buffer ful-

2 Cascade for RQ8 4

3 SER.AI port 2

4 SER.AI port .

5 PARALLEL port 2

6 FLOPPY DISK (SMC CH P)

7 PARALLEL port :

8 RTF clock

9 Airailab e

0 Availab e

A vaitable

2 PS/2 Mouse

3 MATH capracessor

- 4 Omboerd HARD DISK (IDE: channel
- 5 Onboard HARD D'SK (IDE: channe

A-5 RTC & CMOS RAM MAP

RTC & CMOS

- DO Seconds
- D. Second alarm
- D2 Manutes
- D3 Minutes alarm
- D4 Hours
- Dา Hours a.arก
- Dá Day of week
- Day of month.
- dtacM BB
- 09 Year
- DA Status register A
- DB Status register B
- DC Status register C
- DD Status register D
- DE Diagnostic status byte
- DP Shutdown byte
- FLOPPY D'SK drive type byte
- .. Reserve
- .2 HARD DISK type byte
- .3 Reserve
- .4 Equipment type
- .1 Base memory ow byte
- .6 Base memory high byte
- 1.7 Extension memory low byte
- 28 Extension memory high byte
- 19 2d
- 2E 2F
- 30 Reserved for extension memory tow byte
- Reserved for extens on memory high byte
- 32 DATE CENTURY byte
- 33 NFDRMATION FLAG
- 34 3F Reserve
- 40-7F Reserved for CH PSET SETTING DATA

Appendix B:

B-1 POST CODES

ISA POST codes are typically dutput to "O port address 80h

POST (hex)	DESCRIPTION				
0 D2	Reserved.				
CO	Turn off CEM specific cache, shadow				
03	mbake ESA registers (ESA BOS only)				
	 Installize all the standard devices with default values 				
	Standard de vices includes				
	DMA controller 8237)				
	Programmable interrupt Controller (8259)				
	Programmable interval Times (8254)				
	FTC chip				
04	Reserved				
05	. Keyboard Controller Self-Test				
04	2 Enable Kleyboard Interface				
07	Reserved				
08	Verifies CMOS s basic R. W functionality				
r	Auto-detection of onboard DRAM & Cache				
C5	Copy the BOS from ROM into E0000 FFFFF shadow RAM so that				
	POST will go fester				
08	Test the first 2566 DRAM				
09	OEM specific cache unhabitation, uf needed,				
A0	Instalize the first 32 interrupt vectors with corresponding interrupt handlers withdre NT numbers from 33-120 with Dummy				
	(Spurious Interrupt Handler save CPUID instruction to identify CPU type				
	3 Early Power Management subalization (OEM specific				
OB.	Verify the FTC time is a skid or not				
	2 Detert bad battery				
	Read CMOS data into BIOS stack area.				
	4 PnP initializations including (PnP B OS only)				
	Assign CSN to PnP 'SA cerd.				
	Greate resource map from ESCD				
	5 Assign IO & Memory for PCI devices (PC BIOS only				
	-				

OC .	Initialization of the BIOS Data Area. (40:ON - 40:FF)
OD.	1. Program some of the Chipset's value according to Setup.
	(Early Setup Value Program)
	2. Measure CPU speed for display & decide the system clock speed.
	3. Video initialization including Monochrome, CGA, EGA/VGA. If
no display devic	e found, the speaker will beep.
0E	 Test video RAM. (If Monochrome display device found)
	2. Show messages including
	 Award Logo, Copyright string, BIOS Data code & Part No.
	- OEM specific sign on messages.
	- Energy Star Logo (Green BIOS ONLY)
	- CPU brand, type & speed.
	- Test system BIOS checksum. (Non-Compress Version only)
0F	DMA channel 0 test
10	DMA channel 1 test
11	DMA page registers test.
12-13	Reserved
14	Test 8254 Timer 0 Counter 2.
15	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 1.
16	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 2.
17	Reserved
19	Test 8259 functionality.
1A-1D	Reserved.
1E	If EISANVM checksum is good, execute EISA initialization.
X-1-1	(EISA BIOS only)
1F-29	Reserved
30	Detect Base Memory & Extended Memory Size.
31	1. Test Base Memory from 256K to 640K
-	2. Test Extended Memory from 1M to the top of memory
32	 Display the Award Plug & Play BIOS Extension message. (PnP BIOS only)
	 Program all on board super I/O chips (if any) including COM ports, LPT ports, FDD port according to setup value.
33-3B	Reserved
3C	Set flag to allow users to enter CMOS Setup Utility.
3D	1. Initialize Keyboard.
	2. Install PS2 mouse

3E	Try to turn on Level 2 cache.
	Note: Some chipset may need to turn on the L2 cache in this stage.
	But usually, the cache is turn on later in POST 61h.
3F-40	Reserved
BF	 Program the rest of the Chipset's value according to Setup. (Later Setup Value Program)
41	If auto-configuration is enabled, program the chipset with pre-defined Values.
42	Initialize floppy disk drive controller.
43	Initialize Hard drive controller
45	If it is a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports
44	Reserved
45	Initialize math coprocessor.
46-4D	Reserved.
4E	If there is any error detected (such as video, kb), show all error messages on the screen & want for user to press <f1> key.</f1>
4 F	 If password is needed, ask for password.
	2. Clear the Energy Star Logo. (Green BIOS only)
50	Write all CMOS values currently in the BIOS stack area back into the CMOS.
51	Reserved
52	1. Initialize all ISA ROMs.
	2. Later PCl instalizations. (PCl BIOS only)
	assign IRQ to PCI devices.
	- initialize all PCI ROMs
	3. PnP Initialzetions (PnP BIDS only)
	- assign IO, Memory, IRQ & DMA to PnP ISA devices.
	- initialize all PnP ISA ROMs.
	 Program shadows RAM according to Setup settings.
	Program parity according to Setup setting.
	 Power Management Initialization.
	- Enable/Disable global PM.
	- APM interface initialization
53	1. If it is NOT a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports
	 Initialize time value in BIOS data area by translate the RTC time value into a timer tick value.
d 0	Setup Virus Protection (Boot Sector Protection) functionality
	according to Setup setting

*EP*₃X

EP-61	EXA-A Appendix
бІ	1. Try to turn on Level 2 cache. Note: If L2 cache is already turned on in POST 3D, this part will be skipped. 2. Set the boot up speed according to Setup setting. 3. Lest chance for Chipset initialization. 4. Lest chance for Power Management initialization. (Green BIOS)
62	only) 5 Show the system configuration table. 1. Setup daylight saving according to Setup value. 2. Program the NUM Lock, typematic rate & typematic speed according to Setup setting.
63	 If there is any changes in the hardware configuration, update the ESCD information. (PnP BIOS only) Clear memory that have been used.
FF	 Boot system wa INT 19H. System Booting. This means that the BIOS already pass the control right to the operating system.

B-2 Unexpected Errors:

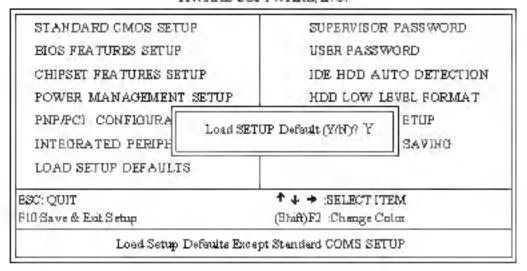
POST (hex)	DESCRIPTION
B0	If interrupt occurs in protected mode
BI	Unclaimed NMI occurs.D

Appendix C

NOTE:

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary when you accept this mainhourd, or the system CMOS data is corrupted.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A69KPA9) CMOSSETUPUTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.



LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS